

10 GCSE	Studio GCSE.1	Studio GCSE.2	Studio GCSE.3	Studio GCSE.4	Studio GCSE.5
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Irregular verbs in present (H) • Reflexive in present (F+H) • Near future tense (F+H) • Perfect tense (F+H) • Imperfect tense (H) • Irregular <i>er</i> verbs in present (F only) • Passive and active vocabulary (F+H) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Depuis</i> + present tense (F+H) • Comparative (F+H) • Imperfect tense (H) • Direct object pronouns (le, la, les) (H) • Superlative adjectives (H) • Irregular present (F only) • perfect (F only) • negatives (F only) • Intensifiers (F only) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Using <i>Pouvoir</i> and <i>devoir</i> (F+H) • Pronoun <i>en</i> (H) • <i>Tu</i> and <i>vous</i> forms (H) • <i>Venir de</i> + infinitive • Combining tenses (F+H) • <i>Quel(les) / quelle(s) / ce / cet / cette / ces</i> (F only) • Est-ce que? qu'est ce que? (F only) • Opinions with adjectives (H+F) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Pronoun <i>y</i> (H) • Using negatives (F+H) • <i>Quel/quelle/quels/quelles</i> • Future tense (H) • Using <i>si</i> in complex sentences (F only) • Negatives (F only) • False friends and little words (H+F) • Avoiding distractors (F+H) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Conditional (H) • Reflexive verbs in perfect (H) • <i>En</i> + past participle (H) • Use <i>avant de</i> + infinitive (H) • Demonstrative adj + pronouns (H) • Using pluperfect tense (H) • <i>Nous</i> form/<i>Notre/nos</i> (F only) • Comparative / Perfect tense and <i>avoir</i> (F only)