Year	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1
7	Studio 1.1	Studio 1.2	Studio 1.3	Studio 1.4	Studio 1.5
	 Using regular –er verbs (je/tu/il/elle) Using <i>avoir</i>(je/tu/il/elle) Adjective agreement (sing/plu) Using present (je/tu/il/elle) 	 Questions Opinions with reasons Using <i>on</i> to say we Partitive articles (<i>du/de la/de l'/des</i>) 	 Using regular –er verbs Using <i>jouer</i> à Using <i>faire</i> Using <i>aimer</i> +infinitive Using ils / ells Passive and active vocabulary 	 Using <i>il ya / il n'y a pas de</i> When to use<i>tu / vous</i> Using <i>à</i> +definite article Using <i>je veux/ tu veux +</i> infinitive Using <i>on peut +</i> infinitve Avoiding distractors 	 Using <i>nous</i>to say we Using reflexive verbs (singular) Using high numbers Using near future tense Using <i>je voudrais</i> +infinitive Little words
8	Studio 2.1	Studio 2.2	Studio 2.3	Studio 2.4	Studio 2.5
	 Using regular –er verbs (red) Present tense avoir+ être (red) <i>ir</i> and <i>re</i>verbs (red) <i>aller</i> and<i>faire</i> (<i>fairegreen</i>) The perfect tense (red) Subject pronouns (green) Using <i>on</i>(green) Agreement (green) Passive and active vocabulary (red and green) 	 Perfect Tense of regular verbs (red) Perfect Tense of irregular verbs (red) <i>C'était</i> and<i>j'ai trouvé</i> ça (red) Perfect tense with<i>être</i> (red) On peut +infinitive (green) J'aime +infinitive (green) Perfect tense of<i>visiter</i>(green) Perfect tense of erverbs (green) Avoiding distractors (red and green) 	 Adjectival agreement (red and green) Reflexive verbs (red) The near future (red and green) Past, present+future tenses (red) Practice using pronoun <i>on</i>(red) Perfect tense introduction (green) False friends (red and green) Little words (red and green) 	 Comparative adjectives (red) Prepositions (red and green) <i>Boire</i> and<i>prendre</i>(red) <i>II faut</i> (red and green) Three tenses together (red) <i>J'habite/je voudrais</i> + <i>habiter</i> Near future (green) Opinions through adjectives (red and green) 	 Vouloir +infinitives (red) Pouvoir +devoir (red and green) The imperative (green) Superlative adjectives (red) Variety of structures and tenses (red and green) Infinitive focus (green) Adjectives (green) Negatives and intensifiers (red & green) Avoiding distractors (red & green)
9 GCSE	Studio 3.1 GCSE Present tense verbs (red and	• Using à +definite article	Studio 3.3 GCSE Masculine and feminine	• Using inversion for	Studio 3.5 GCSE Expressions with avoir
	 green) Direct object pronouns (red) Near future tense (red) Perfect tense (green withon) Using 3 tenses (red) Using avoirand être(green) Using aller(green) Avoiding distractors (red and green) 	 (red and green) Using <i>II faut</i> (red and green) Using future tense (red) Using 3 tenses together (red) Use (du/de la/de l//des)(green) Using near future (green) Using 2 tenses together (green) False friends and little words (red and green) 	 (red and green) Modal verbs (red) Imperfect tense (red) Different tenses together (red) Using near future (green) Using on peut(green) Irregular verbs (green) Opinions through adjectives (red and green) 	 questions (red) Using the conditional (red) Using reflexive verbs (red and green) Combining tenses (3 green) Emphatic pronouns (red) Je voudrais + infinitive (green) The perfect tense (green) Negatives and intensifiers 	 Using direct object pronouns (red) Using <i>si</i> in complex sentences (red) Complex structures (red) J'ai <i>le droit de</i> + inf (green) Using possessives (green) Inf to mean -ing (green) Passive and active vocabulary (red and green)