Pupil premium strategy statement – The Ripley Academy

This statement details our school's use of pupil premium funding to help improve the attainment of our disadvantaged pupils.

It outlines our pupil premium strategy, how we intend to spend the funding in this academic year and the outcomes for disadvantaged pupils last academic year.

School overview

Detail	Data
Number of pupils in school	836 Y7-11
	(922 including 6 th Form)
Proportion (%) of pupil premium eligible pupils	35%
Academic year/years that our current pupil premium	2025-26
strategy plan covers (3-year plans are recommended –	2026-27
you must still publish an updated statement each academic year)	2027-28
Date this statement was published	December 2025
Date on which it will be reviewed	December 2026
Statement authorised by	Jan De Rijk
Pupil premium lead	Emilia Iwanczuk
Governor / Trustee lead	Chris Howe

Funding overview

Detail	Amount
Pupil premium funding allocation this academic year	£306,575
Pupil premium funding carried forward from previous years	£0
Total budget for this academic year	£306,575

Part A: Pupil premium strategy plan

Statement of intent

The ultimate objective for our disadvantaged pupils is to allow every child the opportunity to realise their potential through education which improves their social mobility and subsequently leads them to live a fulfilled and happy life. Current research shows that the educational attainment of children from disadvantaged backgrounds is much lower than their peers, hence the financial and moral commitment from the government and schools to tackle this issue and improve their life chances. Common barriers to learning for disadvantaged children can be: less support at home, weak language and communication skills, lack of confidence, lack of equipment and attendance and punctuality issues. There are often complex family issues which can affect a child's ability to learn effectively. There is no 'one fits all' approach and subsequently interventions and programmes need to be tailored to the needs of our students, however quality first teaching will always have a positive impact on our disadvantaged students.

Our priority when using Pupil Premium funding is to remove all barriers to learning. We do not automatically allocate personal budgets per student in receipt of the Pupil Premium funding. Our priority is to identify the barriers to learning and use the funding to address these barriers and provide interventions as required. Interventions could be in small groups, large groups, the whole academy or as individuals, and allocate a budget accordingly.

Our Pupil Premium Strategy is focused on addressing key challenges that our disadvantaged pupils face by breaking down any barriers for each child so that they are able to reach or exceed their academic potential.

The key principles and objectives of the strategy are;

- Quality first teaching for every child, every lesson, every day
- · Consistent implementation of the 'classroom entitlement'
- Broadening the horizons and raising the aspirations of pupil premium students
- To narrow the attainment and progress gap between non-disadvantaged and disadvantaged students through targeted academic support
- Whole school sustainable improvement that accelerates student progress
- Development of a 'love of learning' and the acquisition of skills to support lifelong education.

Achieving our key objectives:

- Pupil Premium is a targeted group for all curriculum areas as part of our priority agenda
- Additional teaching and learning opportunities provided via trained staff

- More teaching staff in core subject areas to ensure smaller group sizes and therefore more support for Pupil Premium students
- Improving reading ages of students through our literacy strategy to aid their progress across all subject areas
- Provide financial support for equipment and resources
- Provide financial support to ensure attendance on educational visits to provide students with first-hand experiences to support their learning
- Provide resources to ensure Pupil Premium students have the opportunity to take part in food technology and develop lifelong skills in cooking
- To support social and emotional development as well as academic through targeted work and whole school initiatives
- To continue to challenge attendance issues and work closely with families to support good attendance
- Frequent and comprehensive evidenced-based CPD for staff to ensure quality first teaching

This list is not exhaustive and will change according to the needs of our disadvantaged students.

Challenges

This details the key challenges to achievement that we have identified among our disadvantaged pupils.

Challenge number	Detail of challenge
1	Progress across the curriculum, particularly English and Maths- narrowing the gap between PP students and their non-PP peers, especially high prior attaining students.
2	Attendance of disadvantaged students is lower than that of their non-disadvantaged peers. Persistent absence figures are higher for PP students compared to non-PP students.
3	Behaviour and attitudes to learning – disadvantaged students are more impacted by loss of learning time due to suspension than their non-disadvantaged peers. PP boys are at a greater risk of suspension than PP girls.
4	Aspirations – PP students are likely to have lower aspirations than their non-PP peers which in turn negatively impacts their progress as they do not have a vision for their future beyond school.
5	Literacy skills pose a challenge for many of our disadvantaged students; on average PP students enter our school with reading ages significantly below their chronological age and this hinders their progress across the curriculum. Low levels of reading fluency and comprehension impacts progress in all subjects. On entry into this year's Year 7 cohort, 50% of PP students tested below chronological age, compared with 25% of non-PP peers.

Intended outcomes

This explains the outcomes we are aiming for **by the end of our current strategy plan**, and how we will measure whether they have been achieved.

Intended outcome	Success criteria
Improved progress for PP students across all Key Stages and improved GCSE	Progress 8 score for PP students is in line with that of non-PP students.
outcomes	Achieve average English and maths 5+ scores for similar schools
Improvement in attendance and reduction in persistent absence	Attendance rates for PP students will be no lower than non-PP students.
	Persistent absence rates for PP students will be no higher than non-PP students.
'The Ripley Way' school culture promotes positive behaviour of all students, including those who are PP, and reduces	PP students' behaviour and suspensions are in line with non-PP students. Reduction in gap between PP/non-PP suspension rates.

suspensions for all students, including those who are PP.	
Literacy skills are improved for PP students so that they are better equipped to fulfil their academic potential	Literacy skills of students, both PP and non-PP, are raised closer to their chronological reading age. Internal assessment data improves as students are able to access the curriculum more successfully.
PP students have equally high aspirations as non-PP students	0% NEET Reduce gap between number of non-PP students and PP students that continue into further education. Increase number of disadvantaged students staying on to 6th Form.

Activity in this academic year

This details how we intend to spend our pupil premium funding **this academic year** to address the challenges listed above.

Teaching (for example, CPD, recruitment and retention)

Budgeted cost: £67168

Activ	ity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
	ve the quality of teaching and learning for dents by:	The EEF Guide to the Pupil Premium, June	1 3
	CPD for staff to incorporate and embed our T&L principles of TRA; Teaching to the top and scaffolded support, being Responsive to our students, Adjusting the pace Develop adaptive teaching in line with the T&L principles Promoting a positive school culture through The Ripley Way and managing behaviour effectively using school systems	2019 suggests that improving teaching should be top priority of a tiered approach to ensure highly effective teaching for all students. Every teacher is supported to continually improve their practice.	5
0	Embedding consistency and relational practice through work with When The Adults Change	The school's teaching and learning strategy of TRA permeates all lessons with a common language	
0	Having a centralised approach to the Pupil Premium Entitlement through priority questioning and participation,	understood by all. EEF Toolkit (2019) highlights	

- priority support, use of work as modelled examples
- Develop CPD surrounding EEF 'Top Five' with a particular focus on improving explicit instruction, cognitive and metacognitive strategies and use of technology
- Rigorous programme of QA through Developmental Drop-Ins and positive discrimination for PP in all QA processes
- Developing personalised evidencebased CPD to respond to areas of need
- Have the PP agenda as a running theme in department meetings and to be a standing item in all progressrelated meetings
- Creation of a PP focus group to monitor and review implementation and impact of strategies and academic benchmarks
- Developing our reading culture in school through 'Remarkable Readers' and working with subject specialists to explicitly teach students how to 'Read like a...' and 'Write like a...'
- Staff to prioritise use of tier 2 and 3 vocabulary lists and reading ages in their classroom practice, along with modelling reading fluency and promoting reading in the classroom

feedback as wellevidenced with high impact on outcomes.

Improving Behaviour in Schools, EEF (2019)

focus on proactive strategies implemented consistently.

What happens in the classroom makes the biggest difference: improving teaching quality generally leads to greater improvements (Closing the

Gap, EEF)

EEF 'Improving literacy in secondary schools' guidance report recognises the value of supporting teachers in every subject to teach students how to read, write and communicate effectively in their subject and this has been a priority in our CPD programme.

Targeted academic support (for example, tutoring, one-to-one support, structured interventions)

Budgeted cost: £127,545

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed		
Reduce in-school gap between PP and non-PP in Maths through bespoke Year 11/10 Maths small group or 1-2-1 intervention using subject specialist teacher.	The EEF Guide to the Pupil Premium, June 2019 suggests that targeted academic	1 4 5		
Additional class in Year 10/11 English to target underachieving PP students using subject specialist teacher. Diminish the difference between PP students and other students nationally/in school at KS4 through; Targeted tutor time core subject intervention – 3 mornings per week for Year 11 students	support has a consistently positive impact in small groups and/or one-to-one structured interventions and is likely to be a key component in an effective PP strategy.			
 Mentoring for PP students delivered by teachers and leaders, with a focus on students at key thresholds PP students prioritised for intervention and progress meetings 	that small group tuition has +4 months impact on progress			
Targeted reading intervention using Lexia. Embedding the 'Buddy Reading' scheme with 6 th Form leaders; prioritising Y7 PP students.	Closing the Attainment Gap, EEF (2019) states that transition between phases is a risk point and			
Development of KS4 lunchtime study room to allow students to access computers and complete homework for those who struggle to do so at home.	effective catch-up should be put in place. 'Making the best use of teaching assistants' EEF guidance report – intelligently target TAs to			
Targeted use of LSAs so that support is given to students who need it the most, including PP students.				
Disadvantaged students are prioritised for careers meetings to raise aspirations and ensure 0% become NEET	support students effectively.			
Purchasing revision resources for PP students to support personal study and intervention	EEF 'Special Educational Needs in Mainstream Schools' Guidance Report			
PP student prioritised for SLT options meetings to support uptake of challenging and aspirational courses	recommends complementing high quality teaching with			
Develop the use of The Bridge to support disadvantaged students who also have SEND	carefully selected small group and one-to-one intervention.			

through both 1:1 intervention and appropriate small group work.		
Parents of pupil premium students are invited directly to Accelerating Progress Evening in Year 11, to engage parents and students and provide resources and advice in becoming exam-ready.	EEF 'Working with parents to support children's learning' Guidance report recommends providing practical strategies to support learning at home	

Wider strategies (for example, related to attendance, behaviour, wellbeing)

Budgeted cost: £111,862

Activ	ity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
collect attitude with se good Devel more relation	ng the Gap meetings after every data ction to identify barriers, address dinal, behavioural and academic issues selected PP students and then share practice and actions with relevant staff. Iopment of these meetings to include Voice of the Child through valuable onships with tutors, Heads of Year and tervention Team where appropriate.	Premium (2019) Insights and perspectives should be gathered from across the school community. As well as generating useful insights, actively engaging people in this way improves implementation through the way it unites values and generates buy-in.	1 2 3 4 5
Attend	Dedicated attendance office to track and monitor attendance/PA Pastoral support team daily focus on attendance and punctuality Greater use of rewards and positive praise to encourage learners into school, linking with attendance Greater contact between target families ad school via Heads of Year as pastoral leads	Working together to improve school attendance (DfE, 2022) states the importance of clear attendance policy. EEF Guide to the Pupil Premium (2019) suggests that attendance is the most significant non-academic barrier to progress and therefore forms a key strategy for us 'Working with parents to support children's learning' Guidance Report outlines the value in communication with families in order to improve attendance	2

Behaviour **EEF Improving Behaviour in Schools** Personalised behaviour interventions (2019)for students causing concern led by DHT/HOY Focus on proactive responses and reactive Pastoral leaders examine patterns and for those where a greater implement intervention to support need is present student behaviour (recommendation 5). Systematic identification of PP Approach should be students most at risk of suspension. tailored to individual Targeted and tracked support for needs. identified students with a focus on improving behaviour and building aspiration o Embedding the Behaviour Ladder as a clear structure and to implement effective support where needed Developing the school culture through CPD following 'When The Adults Change' to improve relational practice and consistency in routines and expectations. Wellbeing **EEF Toolkit strand** 'Parental engagement' o Targeted use of in-school Early Help to states that parental address vulnerable students' needs in engagement has a and out of school positive impact on Co-ordination of in-school programme academic progress. of interventions for vulnerable students **EEF Toolkit strand** e.g. self-esteem, mental health with 'Social and Emotional outside agencies (DCCT, school **Learning**' suggests that counsellor, Blend, CAMHS, police etc) +6 months could be Supplementation of funds for school gained through specialist trips and extracurricular activities to targeted intervention increase engagement **Aspirations EEF Toolkit strand** 'Parental engagement' Targeted prioritised use of states that parental independent careers advisor to provide engagement has a additional support regarding post-16 positive impact on options academic progress. Additional support for students in gaining meaningful work experience placements o Ensure PP students are overrepresented in student leadership roles Online booking system used for parents' evening and events with

follow up phone calls.

Total budgeted cost: £306,575

Part B: Review of the previous academic year

Outcomes for disadvantaged pupils

Performance Measures 2025	PP students (46)	Non-PP students (71)
Progress 8	-	-
Attainment 8	41.2	46.6
Grades 5-9 English/Maths	30.4%	51.4%
Grades 4-9 English/Maths	52.2%	68.6%

Performance Measure year on year	PP students (2023)	PP students (2024)	PP students (2025)
Progress 8	-0.92	-0.49	-
Attainment 8	30.21	36.9	41.2
Grades 5-9 English/Maths	26%	27.9%	30.4%
Grades 4-9 English/Maths	35%	48.8%	52.2%

We are proud that recent exam results show that both attainment and progress for disadvantaged students have improved, and that the gap between PP and non-PP students is further narrowing compared to previous years. Our Attainment 8 gap is narrowing year on year and is significantly above the national average for PP students. The English and Maths threshold measures are also higher than the national average for PP students. This is evidence that our current strategic plan is having a positive effect on our students and their outcomes. However, we are not complacent and seek to close the gap further by continuing to embed our strategy and action plan and further improve the progress of disadvantaged students to be in line with non-disadvantaged students.

Teaching and learning -

Further CPD on adaptive teaching, reinforcing TRA principles (Teaching to the Top, Responsive, Adjust the Pace) and Teaching to the Top in particular.

T&L briefings reinforcing CPD on effective questioning and feedback, explaining and modelling, practice and retrieval, and PP classroom entitlement embedded into all classroom routines, along with PP Spotlight briefings led by Heads of Year.

CPD is planned in response to Developmental Drop Ins and other QA processes, and T&L priorities in line with EEF's evidence-based Top Five.

Wider strategies -

Parents evening attendance - We returned to face-to-face parents' evening appointments in 2023-24 which saw an increase in attendance from 2022-23. This increase has largely continued throughout each academic year as seen by last year's figures:

	Year Population			Booke	ed appoint	ments	Parents I	Evening At	tendance %	6 Attendan		% by Year Populatio n	2 7
	PP	non-PP	Total	PP	non-PP	Total	PP	non-PP	Total	PP	non-PP		
Year 7 Pastoral	40	143	183	32	135	167	25	124	149	62.50%	86.70%	81.40%	New cohort but 123/24
Year 7	44	136	180	30	123	153	23	116	139	52.30%	85.30%	77.20%	New cohort but ↑23/24
Year 8	59	110	169	44	99	143	36	95	131	61.0% ↑	86.4% ↑	77.5% ↑	1
Year 9	43	113	156	31	107	138	27	103	130	62.8%↑	91.2%↑	83.3%	1
Year 10	57	116	173	39	101	140	31	97	128	54.4%↑	83.6%1	74.0%↑	1
Year 11 (1 st)	44	73	117	37	66	103	30	61	91	75.0%↑	83.6%↑	77.8%↑	1
Year 11 (2 nd)	44	71	115	35	61	96	29	58	87	65.9%↓	81.7%↓	75.70%	↓on 1 st eve = 23/24

To ensure that figures continue to improve, this remains an important part of our strategic plan.

Attendance – a 5.5% gap existed between PP and non-PP students for overall attendance in 2024-25, keeping this high on our strategic plan for this year.

Suspensions – 71% of suspensions were for PP students in 2024-25, largely due to an increase in standards and expectations across the school. This has fallen to 54.5% so far in academic year 2025-26, however remains a key priority this year and moving forwards.